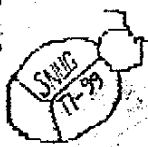


THE



SNUGLETTER

FROM THE SOUTHERN NEVADA USERS' GROUP

Volume 8- No.7

July, 1990

Next Meeting 7:00 pm, Monday, July 9, 1990 Nevada Power Meeting Room 6220 West Sahara Avenue



PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

by Rudy Johnson

Well, I had a good vacation while I missed the June meeting. I am told that it went pretty well but not at the advertised location due to the strike at Nevada Power. The members who were at the meeting need to thank Cindy for hosting the meeting at her home as a last minute switch. I understand that the meeting followed pretty much the same course that the officers' meetings do - mostly talk and not much hands-on computer stuff. At times that gives everyone a chance to bring up topics that don't seem to fit the run of the typical meetings. And that gives a welcome change of pace. And once again Cindy is on for her demo of IDENTIFILE. (Wonder how many times she has been on the schedule for that?) Also John M. has agreed to do a demo on sector editing. John has had a lot of experience with the topic recently with all the problems he has had with the BBS drives. He also suggested that anyone with bad disks should bring the disk(s) to the meeting. John will try to make them usable again through Disk Craft - that OI' Black Magic. So bring in those bad disks.

I will report that the BBS is back up and running on 2 hard drives. Each is a 10-meg unit with one being used as a backup so John doesn't have to pull his hair out if the first becomes corrupted. I expect that John will have a report on the BBS somewhere else in this issue.

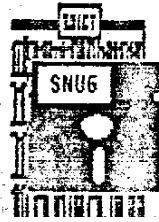
I learned that the topic of elections was brought up at the meeting. It seems that my lackadaisical presidential style hasn't dimmed my luster in your eyes. No one seems to want a change of leadership for the 1990-1991 SNUG President. Well, as long as my possible nonattendance at future meetings doesn't bother anyone, I am willing to continue on if nominated and elected. (What ever happened to elections with opposition?) As far as I know the other officers (except for Bob B. for Treasurer) are also willing to continue in their present positions. Do we have a member interested in serving as Treasurer? I do know that George T. is interested in being relieved (at least occasionally) at the helm of the newsletter. From personal experience I know what he goes through every month in getting it together. George deserves a big round of applause from each of us for a job well done this past year.

"Thanks, George!" Now back to the elections. We should be having elections provided that we meet the requirements for attendance of the members.

In the world of TI there is a item by John Willforth of the West Penn 99'ers that a member of his group has developed with a friend a hard and floppy controller for the TI99/4A. (No mention of Geneva compatibility.) The controller was built on a proto board and will be custom built on a card with the latest surface mount technology. The card is said to support all the common 5.25" densities and the 3.5" densities also. The price as of the announcement was \$225. The developers are setting up a company with the name of Electronic Systems Development Corporation to produce the controller. Watch for future announcements.

Another item that needs to be mentioned is the other library items that SNUG maintains for the use of members. Lance Wilson spends some of his time in maintaining the newsletters that SNUG receives in the newsletter exchange program. Virtually all the newsletters that SNUG has received since the group's inception are maintained in envelopes. These go back for 7 years. There is a LOT of information and help in these on just about any topic you care to bring up. The biggest draw back is a lack of index so information needs to be culled out as you find it. The other items that SNUG has started to acquire in the past couple of years are video tapes of presentation at other meetings. These also contain a large amount of help. I haven't looked at any of them other than what has been shown at a meeting. Perhaps an index can be developed for these tapes by those who look at them. As something of note is located the viewer could note it on an accompanying index page. Subsequent viewers could find any of these items more quickly if they didn't want to view the entire tape. These tapes should be at the next meeting so keep them in mind and ask about them if you are interested.

Well, I have run out of time and George likes to get this before the very last minute so I'll end here. See you at the meeting (I better add, I hope!) --- Rudy



LIBRARIAN'S COLUMN

By GEORGE CAMPBELL

I had hoped to have a two megabyte, zero wait state MEMEX system up and running by now but, as luck would have it, I will not receive the modification until this Saturday.

According to Bud Mills, there will be a small external box which plugs into the Geneve card with toggle switches to choose between zero and one wait state and MDDS or TI modes. The modification is designed in such a way that if the MEMEX should become disabled, it can be unplugged from the 9640 card and the Geneve will function as it did before the modification. If there is a problem, the ability to disconnect will be a godsend to troubleshooting.

Although the MEMEX mod just plugs onto the gate array of the Geneve, it is far from a simple project. If memory serves, there are three traces to cut and six jumper wires to attach on the 9640 card alone. My CorComp floppy controller and both Horizon raedisks need to be modified with different chips and jumpers, and then we get to the MEMEX card itself, which needs to be repopulated and modified. This promises to be quite an experience! Probably not a good one. Thank goodness our local electronics expert, John Martin, will be helping with (doing?) the project.

According to Bud I will have to go back to the old dual AUTOEXEC setup. One will initialize TIMODE and the other will not. This isn't as bad as it may seem since I used to run dual AUTOEXEC's before I bought the MEMEX. It seems odd that the 2 meg upgrade to MEMEX should complicate my system whereas the original 512K MEMEX simplified it by allowing TIMODE to be called all the time. I hope to have a glowing report of the advantages of the upgrade by next month's deadline. I just hope the glow isn't from my brain frying from frequent frustrations...

There is talk about competition for the Myarc HFBC card from a company called EDI, ESDI. (some such). I had all the specifics about it in a log file from DELPHI but due to a randisk crash I lost the information. I believe the card will format disks from 90K to 1.44MB with a compatible drive along with taking care of support for four hard drives. Look for prices to be in the low to mid two hundreds and availability in July. (Hope I got that right)

PRESS has been SQUASHED. Chris Bobbitt, president of Asgard Software announce that press is officially on "hold" although he expressed doubt as to Charles Earl ever completing the project. He stated that the project was too complicated for any one programmer to finish. Delphi has seen messages from Geneve owners prodding Asgard to complete a 9640 version of the program, but it doesn't look like memory constraints are the problem. Asgard is urging anyone who has paid for PRESS and who has not yet received a refund to contact them.

-Bob-

EVERY SO OFTEN COMPUTER OWNERS ARRIVE AT A SORT OF CROSSROADS WITH THE MACHINE. OR PERHAPS A PLATEAU THAT

POSES THE QUESTION "WHAT NEXT?".

YOU HAVE SPENT SOME TIME (HOURS, WEEKS, OR MONTHS) GETTING ACQUAINTED WITH ONE OF THE MANY FIELDS THAT CAN BE DONE WITH COMPUTER, HARDWARE, AND SOFTWARE AVAILABLE NOW. AND THERE ARE MANY OTHER WAYS TO ENJOY COMPUTING. THE GENEVE, OR A HARD DRIVE, RANDISK, OR A (BETTER?) PRINTER? NEW AND IMPROVED SOFTWARE IS COMING OUT FASTER THAN WE CAN KEEP UP WITH IT. BUT WHICH WAY NEXT?

WE HAVE MEMBERS RANGING FROM BEGINNERS TO EXPERT, AND THEY HAVE HARDWARE STARTING WITH THE BARE CONSOLE ALL THE WAY TO THE LATEST ON THE MARKET. WHATEVER YOUR PRESENT STATUS-SNUG HAS A MEMBER SOMEWHERE IN YOUR VICINITY.

SO I WOULD SUGGEST THAT THE BEST ANSWER TO THE QUESTION COMES FROM PARTICIPATING IN SOUTHERN NEVADA USERS GROUP. THERE IS A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF TIME AND EFFORT INVOLVED IN KEEPING THE GROUP GOING AND THE MORE THAT SUPPORT THAT ENDEAVOR, THE BETTER THE BENEFITS. WE WOULDN'T HAVE A SNUG TODAY, EXCEPT FOR THE WORK OF A FEW PERSONS THAT KEPT IT GOING IN HARD TIMES. WE HAVE ALL BENEFITED FROM THEIR DEDICATION, AND I FOR ONE APPRECIATE THEIR EFFORTS. BUT THEY DO NEED HELP IF WE ARE TO KEEP SNUG ACTIVE FOR THE NEXT YEAR.

THERE IS SATISFACTION IN DOING THESE DIFFERENT OFFICES, AND THE PEOPLE WHO HAVE HELD THEM CAN LOOK BACK AND SAY "IT WAS WORTH THE EFFORT. IF IT GETS TOO MUCH THERE IS ALWAYS BIEBER, OR LEONARD TO JUMP IN AND SET THINGS STRAIGHT AGAIN (BLESS THEM). BESIDES- THOSE OFFICERS MEETINGS ARE THE PLACE TO PICK UP THE LATEST IN THE TI AND GENEVE WORLD.

SO--- IF YOU ENJOY YOUR TI, SUPPORT S.N.U.G.

AS FOR THE LIBRARY - WELL I AM GOING AROUND IN CIRCLES RIGHT NOW. BIEBER HAD IT WELL CATALOGED AND ARCHIVED DOWN TO ABOUT SIXTY DISKS WHICH FIT INTO ONE BOX, BUT IN THE LAST 18 MONTHS THE LIBRARY HAS GROWN AND IS LARGER THAN SAID BOX. THAT DOESN'T INCLUDE GENEVE FILES AND A RIVER OF GRAPHICS THAT ARE AVAILABLE NOW. SINCE I DON'T HAVE A GENEVE (RIGHT NOW), WE NEED SOMEONE WITH THE GENEVE TO SET UP AND MAINTAIN A SEPARATE LIBRARY FOR THAT PURPOSE. AS FOR GRAPHICS, THERE ARE DOZENS OF PROGRAMS THAT MAKE OR USE THEM NOW, AND THOUSANDS OF GRAPHICS IN TEN OR MORE DIFFERENT FORMATS. I GUESS THE SOLUTION IS TO SET UP A SEPARATE BOX FOR GRAPHICS ONLY.

WELL - THIS LOOKS MORE LIKE A LECTURE, THAN A LIBRARY REPORT. SO I WILL QUIT HERE AND TRY HARDER NEXT MONTH

GEORGE CAMPBELL, LIBRARIAN



At the last SNUG meeting, the members voted to replace our 20-MEG hard drive which had quit working. After much discussion, we came to the conclusion that 2 TEN-MEG drives would probably be better than 1 20-MEG drive. The logic of this was that:

1. We had only used up approximately 1 to 2 MEGs of our capacity on the 20-MEG drive during the 9 months we had it on line.
2. There was no substantial difference in price between 2 10-MEG and 1 20-MEG drive.
3. It would be much easier to keep up-to-date backups of the BBS using the second 10-MEG drive rather than a large group of floppies.
(This is actually the most important reason.)

The day following the meeting, I left a message on the BBS to Bob Sherburne. I told him that the club had authorized me to get 2 new 10-MEG hard drives for the BBS. I also told him that I didn't have time to do it with my work schedule and asked him to look into it for me.

The next day, Bob left me a note on the BBS saying he had ordered a 10-MEG drive and that it should be here within a week.

On the following day, I got a call from George Tilley. George had found an ad in a computer magazine describing 10-MEG Seagate drives for about \$69.00. This was a good price, but what was unique about the ad was that the phone number was from Boulder City. I asked George to check into it for me. He made the drive out to BC and found that they had sold all of the Seagate drives, but they did have another brand (I don't remember the name) for the same price. He bought one for us and brought it over here for me. By the end of the day, I had it formatted and loaded up with all of the BBS files that I could recover from the old backup disks and the ones that I had been running during the down time.

Last weekend, Bob brought the drive that he had ordered (a TEAC S0510) over. After a few frustrating hours chasing that most elusive of "bugs", Operator Error, I finally figured out what I had done wrong. Once the program and drive were no longer hampered by my ineptness, the drive formatted perfectly and is now the official backup hard drive. I plan to alternate drives every once in a while to keep wear to a minimum on both drives. I will only have 1 drive at a time connected to the system except during backups. This should protect me from accidental erasures, and prolong the life of the backup drive.

This past week, a fairly simple question about RANDISKS has sparked a debate of the relative merits of Readisks vs Hard Drives. If you have been considering either, you might want to look at the message bases to see some of the comments. This is the kind of thing that our BBS is here for. If you have any questions or comments about the club or hardware/software (or anything else for that matter) just leave a message in one of the message bases. There are very few topics that won't get some kind of response from our users.

I am going to start a new feature in this column. I will list the new uploads in the various sections (excluding the newsletter section). Listings will be in reverse order from New in the TI section this month:

- PIXCONVERT.....version 1.3 of Jim Reiss' Pix viewer/converter
- LOCAL-BBS.....a list of local BBS numbers from Software City BBS.
- PRESS.....Announcement Form Chris Bobbitt & Asgard Software concerning the shelving of "PRESS"
- BO-JANGLES.....Mr. Bo Jangles. An XB musical salute to Sammy Davis Jr. MAGICFN3/1.....Magic File Manipulator 3.1. Transfers files between the TI/GENEVE on which it is run to another directly connected computer. All functions performed on connected computer. Also has some file management features. Runs upk to 19200 baud.

New in the Geneve section this month:

- TRI-AD.....Wayne Stith talks about the triad program. DV89
- MATHPAD20.....Calculator program from Paul A. Baa which runs from MDOS mode.
- TRIARY.....Advanced Basic demo using triangles. See listing for key presses.
- FATCAT.....Advanced Basic catalog program.
- BOUNCE3?... BOUNCE 2... BOUNCE... modes of the 9640. Just for fun!
- JEFFCON.....Delphi conference with Jeff White, Ron Walters and others regarding the future of 9640 hard and software.
- WINDOWCON.....Transcript of Delphi conference with Beery Miller regarding 9640 WINDOWS
- CABLEVGA.....Article from the Toronto 919 U6 newsletter explaining how to connect multi-sync monitors to Geneve and 80 column cards using 9338 video chip.
- JOHNSBATS.....A group of Batch files that Bob uploaded because I lost mine when my Readisk failed. (Bob is my backup since I can't keep my disks organized)
- NDISIERS.....A couple of Advanced Basic programs that explore some of MESURMOISE...../ the sound and graphics capabilities of the 9640. Just for fun!

New in the Computer Graphics section this month:

- TIPS03-ARK through TIPS09-ASK because they got "lost" when the old hard drive crashed. Thanks Bob!
- BART.....A GIF format picture of Bart Simpson

As you can see, our BBS has a lot to offer. Why not give us a call? The number is (702) 648-1247. We are "open" 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (except during user group meetings, BBS failures, and updates). We support 300, 1200, and 2400 baud. We are building up the various sections now that disk space is no longer a severe limit to what we can do. Expect to see many changes during the next few months.

See ya at the meeting.

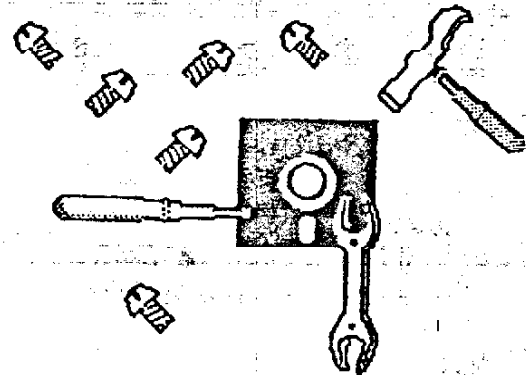
-John-

The backup hard-drive is a refurbished full-height, 10mb MCI. The cost was \$69.00 plus \$4.14 tax. Purchased from Nevada Computer Corp (has the same address and phone numbers as Read Computer), 1000 Nevada Highway #101, Boulder City, NV. They are mostly mail-order. Almost no displays. Best to call (800) 654-7762 or (702) 294-0204. Neither number is listed.

Selected as a companion piece for John Martins's demo. (if you haven't blown a disk lately, try harder and bring one to the meeting.)

Disk Fix

by WESLEY R. RICHARDSON
BLUEGRASS 99 COMPUTER SOCIETY, INC.



When you have a disk with several files that you have been working on and you do a catalog and it comes up DISKETTE IS BLANK, or DISK NOT INITIALIZED, it can be very frustrating. There are times when the sectors used and available get changed to values like 2389 free and 7887 used, but you know you have a single sided, single density (SSSD) disk drive, with a maximum of 360 sectors. It is also possible to have a disk which will not catalog, yet when Extended BASIC is selected, the disk will run the LOAD program and continue without a problem. These have happened to me and I am sure it has happened to others, so I thought I would document a way which may recover your disk for you.

The items which you will need are your blown disk, two blank disks, Disk Manager 1000 v3.5, Disko or Disk Patch, and a sector or track copier program, or the equivalent of any of the above. I will use the Funnelweb v4.10 DISK-PATCH for the sector editor.

1) The first step is to initialize a disk in the format which you believe the blown disk was, for example SSSD. For the disk name, use the name that you want on the blown disk after it is restored.

2) Using the sector copier or track copier, make a copy of the blown disk. If you get a read error in sector 0, just tell the program to ignore the error. If you are unable to copy the disk with the copier programs which you have available, you may still continue the following steps with the original disk, but be advised that you may lose everything on the disk.

3) Load DISK-PATCH or DISKO and then insert the back-up copy of the blown disk in drive 1. Select option 1 for disk sector editor. Then disk 1, and sector 0. The screen should come up with the data from sector 0. Pressing FCTN 2 will change the screen to ASCII and pressing FCTN 1 will change it to HEX. In ASCII, the first ten characters will be the disk name. In HEX, at byte 12h (h=HEXADECIMAL) will be 01 for single sided and 02 for double sided. At byte 13h, will be 01 for single density and 02 for double density.

4) Press FCTN 4 to go to sector 001h. You should

find groups of four digits of HEX numbers such as 0002 0003 0009 0015 and so on. These indicate where the file names and file maps may be found. Write down each of these numbers in the order which they are found when read from left to right and top to bottom on the screen. Note also if the first number is 0000, then the disk will catalog as being blank and no file names will appear.

5) Press FCTN 4 to go to sector 002h. In the first ten ASCII characters you will find a file name. Write this down next to the appropriate four digit number you had in step 4). Do this for each of the numbers from step 4). If there were several files on the disk, you may need to press FCTN 9 and then option 1 again to go directly to the location. While in sector edit mode, pressing FCTN 6 will take you to the next lower numbered sector.

6) You now should have a table similar to the one below with the file name and location of each file on the disk.

0000 A-SECTOR2	0000 PACMAO
0003 CENTIPEDE	0005 PINBALL
0009 DEFENDER	0006 PINBALM
000A KONG	0007 POLE/POS
000B KONH	0008 POLE/POT
0004 LOAD	000E TI/INVADER
000C PACMAN	000F TI/INVADES

7) Note in the case that we did find a 0000 but a file was there, as in this case file A-SECTOR2 directory was located at sector 001h, then use the sector editor to view sector 001h. Move the cursor to the first 0000 in HEX and change it to read 0002. Then press CTRL W to write the sector back to the disk, and answer Y to the question RE-WRITE SECTOR?

...DISK FIX

8) Remove the copy of the blown disk and insert the formatted blank disk in drive 1. Select the sector editor, giving drive 1 and sector 0. After the sector comes up, remove the blank disk and insert the blown disk copy in drive 1. Press CTRL W to rewrite the sector.

9) Load Disk Manager 1000 version 3.5 (DM1000), and then put the blown copy disk back in drive 1. Select option 1, File Utilities. Then select option 2 for Recover file. Give the drive as 1. Enter the first file name on you list and press enter. The program will say SEARCHING DISK, then RE-BUILDING LOST FILE, then FILE RECOVERED. Press enter and then 2 for Recover file. Repeat these steps until all of the files are recovered.

10) Press 1 for Copy/Move/Delete... and give the disk number as 1. Your disk files should now be restored. If the disk free and used does not match up with the sum of the file sizes plus 2 sectors, then go to step 11), otherwise you are done.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF FILE DESCRIPTOR RECORD

11) Do this step only if the disk free is not correct. Place a D in the left column to delete all of the files and a U in the right column to unprotect all of the files. DM1000 will unprotect and then delete all of the files. At this point a catalog should show free 358, used 2 for a SSSD disk. Go back to the recover file section of step 9) and recover each file again.

One other piece of advise, if you have a disk with a bad directory, do not write any files to the disk until you have a chance to fix the directory. If you write a new file, then you are taking the chance that part of another file will be over-written. This can happen because sector 0 may show that a location is free, when in fact it has part of a file in it.

The other advise is to always keep a back-up copy of anything which you do not want to lose. It is a good idea to keep a write protect tab on your master disk and keep it away from your work disk. On documents or programs, save your work to disk every 15 minutes so if the power goes off or your computer locks up, you only lose 15 minutes worth of work. Alternate saving to two disks when you have a large and important program or file.

If you always keep back-ups, I hope you will not need to use DISK-FIX, but if that time comes when the disk is blown, now you have something to try.

DISK NAME

NO. OF SECTORS PER TRACK = 360

SECTORS PER TRACK

BYTE	0	2	4	6	8	A	C	E
0	5353	5344	2020	2020	2020	0168	0544	5345
1	2020	0101	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
2	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
3	0000	0000	0000	0000	FFFF	0000	FCFF	FFFF
4	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
5	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
6	FFFF	FFFF	2FFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
7	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
8	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
9	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
A	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
B	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
C	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
D	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
E	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF
F	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF	FFFF

C = USED, SECTORS

SECTOR 3

BYTE	0	2	4	6	8	A	C	F
0	0002	0003	0004	0005	0006	0007	0008	0009
1	000A	000B	000C	000D	000E	000F	0000	0000
2	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
3	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
4	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
5	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
6	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
7	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
8	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
9	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
A	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
B	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
C	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
D	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
E	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
F	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000

FILE NAME

PROGRAM

TOTAL SECTORS

BYTE	0	2	4	6	8	A	C	E
0	4345	1E54	4950	4544	4520	0000	0100	0020
1	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	23	0100
2	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
3	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
4	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
5	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
6	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
7	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
8	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
9	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
A	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
B	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
C	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
D	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
E	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
F	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000

START SECTOR > 023
OFFSET (LENGTH) > 01F

Reprinted from:
The PUNN Newsletter - Portland, OR - April 1990 -

Fog Index

(NOTE FROM THE EDITOR: We have published programs from Walter Blood in the past. Your-Editor thought this program was not only a good program, but a really good explanation of how to program. Walter Blood can be contacted at 2032 N. 32nd. St., Kansas City, KS 66104. Phone (913) 371-1092.)

The Gunning-Mueller Clear Writing Institute developed a "Fog-Index" as a measure of clarity in writing. The Fog Index is roughly equal to the years of schooling required to read a piece of writing.

It is simply the average sentence length plus the percentage of words having three or more syllables, all multiplied by 4/10.

A Mr. Nottingham tackled the problem of programming the Fog Index. His efforts were published by Creative Computing and it was reprinted in a book called "The Creative TRS" published in 1983. Here is his approach.

Now how do you count the number of syllables in a word? Let us say that a syllable always has a vowel. The number of syllables equals the number of vowels. But wait a minute, how about the word pear? All right, we will not count double vowels; that is, two vowels in succession. Fine. How about the word piece? O.K. so we won't count final "e"s. Then consider "syllable". If we don't count the final "e", it would only have only two syllables. So we make an exception for "le", if it is the final "le".

We now arrive at the following theorem: Any word having three or more vowels (a, e, i, o, u, y) has three or more syllables if: Double vowels are counted as one and a final "e" and a final "ed" are not counted except in the case of "ded", "ted", and "le". Now this theorem is not completely correct. It doesn't cope with double "ee" as in Whoopee! However, it is close enough for practical purposes.

The short program presented is liberally sprinkled with remarks, but at the risk of redundancy, an explanation is shown.

Line 220 begins input while line 280 puts it on the screen. Line 290 builds the characters into a string.

Line 330 detects the ASCII for "space" to count words. Line 350 similarly counts sentences. Now the fun of counting syllables begins. Line 380 detects vowels and tentatively counts vowels. V is incremented to detect double vowels. Line 460 decrements the syllable count for two consecutive vowels. Line 480 detects "ded" or "ted" and by jumping to line 510 by-passes 490 which rejects "ed". Note that the sub-strings must include a space since we are only concerned here with word endings. Line 510 similarly by-passes 520 to keep "le" from being rejected under the final "e" rule.

Now things get easier. Line 550 detects word endings via the ASCII for "space", tests for three or more syllables in the word and if found, increments the "long word" count. Line 580 resets the syllable count for the next word. Line 600 tests for 100 or more words (minimum size for an adequate sample) and stops at the end of the sentence.

Line 610 detects the ASCII for "ENTER" and makes it possible to break off the testing before 100 words so that you may test the program or satisfy your curiosity. Line 620 goes back for the next letter. You will note that many things are happening between one character and the next. If you are a speed typist, you will have to slow down your pace. One note: Where a sentence has a clearly independent clause, it should be treated as a separate sentence. Use periods to break it into two sentences.

--Walter H. Blood

```

100 REM *** FOG INDEX ***
110 REM BY R.H. NOTTINGHAM,
LIGHTHOUSE POINT, FLORIDA
120 REM TRANSLATED FOR THE TRS
1-99/44 BY WALTER H. BLOOD
130 REM V=ASCII OF LAST LETTER
NR, N=LETTERS, S=SYLLABLES,
L=WORD LENGTH, NS=NUMBER OF
SENTENCES.
140 REM W=NUMBER OF WORDS, LW
=NUMBER OF LONG WORDS.
150 CALL CLEAR
160 PRINT TAB(5);"*****"
*****:TAB(5);"*** FOG IN
DEX ***:TAB(5);"*****"
*****
170 PRINT " This program
calculates the FOG INDEX of
text. This is equal to the
grade level"

```

```

180 PRINT "of the reader for
which it is suitable. ***
In typing text, use only
one space after a period and
190 PRINT "ignore other prac
tuation. If you make an er
ror, do not backspace to corr
ect it. If
200 PRINT "will make little
difference in the score. The
program will stop when yo
u have a 100-word sample.
Type slow-
210 PRINT "ly as the program
is utilizing CALL KEY for
input.
220 CALL KEY(3,X,S)
230 IF S=0 THEN 230
230 PRINT "":BEGIN TYPING":

```

```

240 CALL KEY(3,X,S)
270 IF S=0 THEN 260
280 PRINT CEB$(X);
290 NS=NS+CEB$(X)
300 IF LEN(CEB$(X))=4 THEN 320
310 NS=NS+C(AS,2,4)
320 REM SPACE = END OF WORD,
W = NUMBER OF WORDS
330 IF C(32) THEN 350
340 W=W+1
350 IF C(46) THEN 380
360 REM PERIOD = END OF SENT
ENCE, NS=NUMBER OF SENTENCES
370 NS=NS+1
380 IF (X=C(65)+(X=C(69)+(X=C(73)+
(X=C(85)+(X=C(89)) THEN 420
390 W=W+1
400 GOTO 480
410 REM COUNTS VOWELS CONSID
ERED EQUAL TO SYLLABLES

```

```

420 S=S+1
430 L=L+1
440 REM ELIMINATES DOUBLE VO
WELS
450 IF Y(32) THEN 480
460 S=S-1
470 W=W-1
480 IF (NS="DID")+(NS="TED
") THEN 510
490 IF S=C(AS,2,3)<"ED" * 1
REM 510
500 S=S-1
510 IF S=C(AS,2,3)="LE" TH
EN 550
520 IF S=C(65,3,2)<"a" * 1
EN 550
530 S=S-1
540 REM COUNTS LONG WORDS J
OR MORE SYLLABLES
550 IF (L=32)^(S/2) THEN 560
ELSE 570

```

```

560 LW=LW+1
570 IF C(32) THEN 600
580 S=0
590 REM STOPS AT END OF SENT
ENCE WITH 100 OR MORE WORDS
600 IF (W=100)^(L=46) THEN 6
30
610 IF L=13 THEN 430
620 GOTO 260
630 PRINT "*****"Number of
f sentences =";NS"Number of
words =";W"Words per senten
ce =";W/NS
640 PRINT "number of long wo
rds =";LW
650 F=INT((W/NS+100*LW/2)^(.4
+.5))
660 PRINT "FOG INDEX =";F
670 END

```

Inside every small problem is a larger problem struggling to get out!

TI BASE

Version 3.0

More Features • More Power • More Flexibility

The best just got better... again. TI Base Version 3.0. With its massive file handling capabilities, extensive command programming language, and unmatched information processing facilities, TI Base is clearly the most powerful and flexible database system available for the TI-99/4a.

Overwhelming File Handling

TI Base supports up to five active databases. Each database can consist of 16129 records, with 17 fields per record, and 255 characters per field. Summed up, that's almost 70 megabytes of information! And using the generic conversion facility included, you can convert your present data files, from another database or TI Writer, to be used with TI Base. Now that's power... with almost no limitations!

Extensive Command Language

TI Base employs a database "engine" that is controlled by a procedural command language similar to the one used by Ashton-Tate in dBASE. The language consists of 50 different commands that allow you to access your databases on-the-fly, and create powerful program command files for automatic and complex data processing. You can even produce your own database applications!

Unsurpassed Features and Support

No other database system offers you more features, power, or flexibility, in one single package, than TI Base. In addition, TI Base is the most widely used and supported database system available. Here's a short list of some of the outstanding features found in TI Base:

- Databases can be created, deleted, restructured (without losing data), and appended to one another. Records can be added, edited, deleted, sorted, and searched for in a variety of ways.
- Free interchange of data; numerical, character, date, and local variables may be freely interchanged.
- Complete mathematical functions; arithmetic, logical, trigonometric, and Boolean functions. Numerical fields may be independently summed and averaged.
- Formatted display and printing capabilities; character manipulations, screen scrolling, color changing, and more.
- Structured command language; over 50 different commands, local variable creation, ability to nest cmd files.
- Eight level nested sort capability; sort records on multiple fields. (TI Base is also fully compatible with TI Sort.)
- Database-driven Report Generator permits reports to be created, saved and later recalled when needed. Report headers, footers and bodies may be defined. Local variables may be used from within a report.
- Disk management functions; catalog and format disks, copy and delete files from within TI Base.
- 40 column file editor to create and edit your own command (program) files from within TI Base.
- Global processing of records using simple commands or complex command (program) files.
- Command files may be executed from any device, or installed and run from high-speed VDP memory.
- System setup; allows the definition of disk locations, printer configuration, data stamping, and other misc. functions.

Not only is TI Base powerful, but it is affordable as well. For only \$24.95 (plus shipping) you get the TI Base system and tutor disks, keyboard overlay, quick reference card, and a comprehensive instruction guide. TI Base requires a disk system, 32K memory expansion, and either an Extended Basic, Editor/Assembler, or Mini Memory cartridge to operate. TI Base has been tested (but is not guaranteed) to be compatible with the Geneve 9640 (in GPL mode), all Myarc and CorComp peripheral expansion cards, and the New Horizon's RAMdisk.

Upgrade to Version 3.0

Previous owners of TI Base may upgrade to Version 3.0 for only \$14.95 (plus shipping). Anyone who purchased TI Base after March 31, 1990 is entitled to receive a free Version 3.0 upgrade. When ordering your upgrade, please include both of your original TI Base disks (the system and tutor disks) along with your upgrade fee. If you are entitled to receive a free upgrade, please include a copy of your dated sales receipt (free upgrades will not be shipped without a valid sales receipt). Please add the correct shipping charges to all upgrade orders (this includes "free" upgrades), otherwise they will be returned freight collect. All upgrade orders must be placed by mail.

TEXAMENTS

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Please add \$3.00 for domestic first class (and Canadian) delivery, \$8.50 for foreign insured air mail delivery. Orders are usually shipped within a 48 hour period. C.O.D. orders are accepted and must be placed by phone. Sorry, no credit card orders accepted.

SOUTHERN NEVADA USERS' GROUP

The **SNUGLETTER** is published monthly by the Southern Nevada Users' Group (SNUG). SNUG is a non-profit organization of individuals with an interest in all aspects of Texas Instruments' 99xx & 99xxx based computers including hardware and software by third party vendors. The GROUP meets 7:00 PM on the second Monday of the month - currently in the Nevada Power Company, Wagnart Community Meeting Room, 6226 West Sahara Avenue. Visitors and guests are welcome to attend the meetings. Information on membership is available at the meeting. Articles may be copied from the SNUGLETTER provided credit is given to both the author and the original source and that the article not be used for profit. (For-profit organizations wishing to use any articles from the SNUGLETTER will need to make prior arrangements with the Executive of the Southern Nevada Users' Group.)

SNUG Bulletin Board - (702)648-1247; 24hours 300/1200/2400

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Newsletter submissions can be sent to P.O. Box 26301, Las Vegas, NV 89126. Articles using TI-Writer on disk are ideal. They may also be phoned with a modem, also a preferred method.

Currently SNUG supports Texas Instrument's 99/4 and 99/4R computers, and Myarc's Senave 9640 computer.

Southern Nevada Users' Group (SNUG)
P.O. Box 26301
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TD:

TREASURER'S SPECIAL NOTICE - 30 JUNE 90

SNUG records show the following memberships will become due within the next 90 days or are already expired. PLEASE send your Membership Renewal or SNUGLETTER Subscription payments to SNUG's P.O. Box or make payments at the monthly meetings.

NOTE: Regular-\$18 Senior Citizen-\$12 SNUGLETTER only-\$10
SNUG has discontinued the Unlimited Library Fee of \$25.00 per year. The complete library soon will be available on SNUG'S BBS to all paid up members in the very near future. Hopefully by the end of July 90.

SNUG members name	Membership expires on:
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Bob Sherburne	30 June 90
Robert Mc Neill	31 July 90
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Cindy Mitchell	31 Aug 90
Michael Barrett	30 Sept 90 ??
Lance Wilson	30 Sept 90
Bob & Jim Stevens	31 May 90 SNUGLETTER only (termination a/o July 31 unless paid or waived)