

(CALAST MINUTES)

The meeting of June 2 focussed on the election of officers. The nominating committee had prepared a list of proposed candidates, as per the Club's constitution. Since there were no willing nominees from the floor, the slate passed by voice vote. The officers are as follows:

Curtis Provance, President Mike Mannnion, Vice President Richard Quimby, Treasurer Ellen Rule, Secretary

In Curtis's absence, Chris A once again chaired. Many thanks'

Richard Bailey announced that he has a limited supply of disk drive power supplies for \$15. For those constructing their own second drive, this price can't be beat!

Mary Beth from Obis visited the meeting to assist members in obtaining hard-to-find ribbons, as well as disks and quality paper. Remember, Obis delivers, which along with their exceptional quality and prices makes a great deal. See their ad in this issue.

Ellen (a.k.a. yours truely) demonstrated how to dismantle a cartridge and clean and reassemble it. This has been found to be helpful in preventing and avoiding lock-ups and other system nasties.

Richard B. demonstrated Joypaint, a graphic arts program. This program has many features of Graphx and some of CSGD and seems to be very easy to use. (See Richard's review for more on this graphic design aid.)

The raffle this month was for a box of disks or computer cassettes, won by Ellen Rule. The equipment fund is GRADUALLY growing, so keep up the raffle support!

file closed---

Ellen Rule, Secretary



FOR SALE 11 300 Baud Acoustic Modem

ELLIOT HARDY 603/483-2702 (eve)

((FROM THE PREZ))

I'll make this short and sweet:

Many thanks to retiring club officers John Larmon and Helene LaBonville. As most of you know, Helene is retiring from 30 or so positions she held (we've talked her into keeping the other 17). I would like to thank Helene on behalf of the club for making our last year so spectacular!

1 am happy to have Ellen Rule continue on as secretary and Richard Bailey as librarian. They also perform much of the "behind the scenes" work needed to keep us functioning.

A hearty welcome to Mike Mannion (new VP) and Dick Duimby (new treasurer). I have worked with both quite a bit and think we can all make a good team.

Finally, thank you for your vote of confidence.

Next meeting (July 7th) we will review two software items: DISKASSEMBLER by Millers Graphics and FUNLWRITER by Funnel Web Farm of Australia.

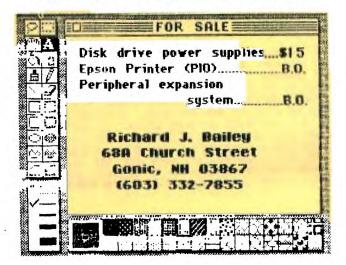
I SAN IT! I saw the new computer working at the recent Buston Computer Society meeting. I can't talk about it here; ask me at the meeting'

Please do m: a favor and support Bonanza if you can. I know many of us eat there before the meeting - thanks to you all. Anyone who doesn't - the food is good, prices are reasonable, and most importantly -

THE NEETING ROOM IS FREE!

I know I don't cover enough BASIC to suit some of you. If you have a question or want to know how to do something, please call or write. I will be happy to help you. The same offer goes for any question on other languages, the only caveat being that I may have someone else respond. No matter what, we will get back to you.

I hope to see you all July 7th. On with the show!



RANDOM RAMBLINGS

I have good intentions when I prepare this column (yes, I really have attempted to prepare them!); I jot down notes throughout the month, but invariably manage to lose them. What results is, just what you get... Random Ramblings! Hope you have been able to follow thru the maze of the some 50,000 words which I have keyed in the last two years. What follows, then, is Random Ramblings #25. my last column as editor...

>>>>>Again, thanks to Chris Agrafiotis for chairing the Nominating Committee and directing the last meeting. He prepared some neat little ballots which, as it turned, were not used as the nominees were elected unopposed. To recap, the newly elected officers for 86-87 are: President: Curtis Alan Provance (603) 424-7624

esident: Curtis Alan Provance (603) 424-7624 V-President: Mike Mannion (603) 880-7028 Secretary: Ellen Rule (603) 746-4017 Treasurer: Richard Quimby (603) 889-0339 (bard) Pailey was asked and will continu

Richard J. Bailey was asked and will continue to Richard J. Bailey was asked and will continue to serve as our Disk Librarian. Thanks to Richard, the NH99UG distribution disks are among the classiest you'll encounter. The Tape Library has been turned over to Ellen Rule. She has already prepared an inventory which you will find in this issue. "As you can see, the overall content and quality is pale beside our Disk Library. Since some of the members have no disk drive, they are missing out on one of the major benefits of the club (meaning the software library). in order to enhance the quality of the cassette library, members are encouraged to submit public domain or freeware programs on cassette tape to the library. Remember when your disk drive was only a gleam in your eye? Let's help those still stuck in that position, and at the same time build up the quality and benefits of the NH99UG!" EJR Please contact her for futher information.

>>>>>Apparently no one was scheduled to bring a system to the June meeting! Luckily we were able to reach Werner Neibel in time. A hearty thank you must go to Werner and his family... it's no easy task transporting a TI system.

As you know the club now owns its own system. I would like to see it loaned to a member who currently only has a console. While in their custody, he/she would derive the benefits of a disk system and in return would be <u>required</u> to transport it to each monthly meeting. What do you think?

PLEASE PETURN AN: LIBPAPY MATERIALS '. MAY HAVE SOUTHFEED AWAY' Remember, these materials are loaned on a monthly basis only and you are expected to return them at the next meeting. Please note that the CATALOGS which we display at the meetings are NDT available for loan. They are our only copies and are our only source of reference. All club property is properly labelled... PLEASE RETURN THEM''!!!!

>>>>The latest word from TI regarding their Diagnostics program is that they are in the process of updating the active UG list. The NH99UG has received and returned our survey.

 >>>>Mary Beth Olesen of DBIS CD. submitted a quotation to us (in response to an inquiry at the June meeting) for #10 201b regular non-overlapping envelops: 50 @ \$15; 100 @ \$25; and, 250 @ \$40. Of course, larger quantities are available at further discounts. (see the OBIS ad on cover page.)

Helen

>>>>>NAMELOC SOFTWARE (3971 S.E. Lincoln - Portland, DR 92714) sent a flyer announcing three new programs for the TI. All require 32K, XB, DD, and an Epson compatible printer.

LAELMAKER allows up to 5 text lines, four different forts and several combination options working with styrigrd labels.

sturiard labels. <u>I.M.T.F./EL</u> prints calencars from 1601 to 2100 to screen or printer and includes a us!ZFILE history trivia quiz and BUIZMAKER.

CATALOPE prints a disk envelop with catalog on the outside. Each is priced @ \$5 postpaid with all three going for \$10 postpaid.

>>>>>If you found Chris Agrafiotis' tale on Frinter Buffers intriguing, you'll be interested to note that MULTI VIDEO SERVICES (POB 246 - E. AMHERST, NY) carries a similar buffer @ \$65 and the LA Computer UG := LE 3547 -Gardena, CA 90247) sells an internal 64K Epson Print Buffer for \$45.

>>>>>Asgard Software (POB 10306 - Rockville, MD 20050) announced TI-9974A - <u>GFAFAX Pictures</u>. This four disk pkg of art work can be erjo,ed without having to own any drawing program with the use of a Slideshow program written by Paul Charlton. Price is \$16.50 pstpd. GP requires either E/A, XB, or MM, 32K and DD. Either GKAPHX or TI-ARTIST is required to alter or add to the pictures. We hope to show this 320K of artwork at the July meeting.

(CEINAL BRAP-UP>>>

I am breaking with tradition in not thanking a long list of people for their help, guidance, support and encouragement over the last two years. To be honest, the list is just too long and there is always the chance someone will be left out.

But there is one person who is, indeed, so important it would be impossible to leave them out... and that person is you. Without your kindness, support, helpfulness, enthusiasm and dedication to the TL and the NH99UG Community, there would be no NH99UG Community.

NH99UG Community, there would be no NH99UG Community. To paraphrase Tiny Tim, "Thank you, every one!" The NH99UG is still here, happy and healthy, supporting a great home computer thanks to you.

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	32K CARD (TI)
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14	SOFTWARE \$ 50
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CONSTRUCTION OF THE HORIZONS RAMDISK KIT Richard J. Bailey 68A Church Street Gonic, N.H. Ø3867 NH99ER USER GROUP

The Horizons RAMDISK kit is a great way to get a ramdisk without a huge cash outlay; the kit is currently priced at \$53. What do you get for that price? 1st you get one of the highest connercial quality circuit boards I've seen with parts locations silk screened on the front (component) side of the board. 2nd you get the RAMDISK reference manual, DM1000 manual, and the RAMDISK construction guide, which, while it's not Heathkit, is easy to follow for anyone with some kit experience. 3rd you get three disks. The RAMDISK operating system (or ROS) along with memory test program, DN1000, user definable CALL routine example, etc., is on one disk. DM1000 is supplied by special agreement with the Dttawa user group and can be accessed anytime with the CALL DM compand. The other two disks have the source code for the RDS.

If you decide to try to build the kit, keep in mind that there is no warranty on the kit (there is a 3 month warranty on the assembled RAMDISK). This is not an uncommon practice as Horizons has no control over the quality of the parts you buy or your ability to assemble the kit. If you don't think you can collect all the parts needed for the kit or you don't want the hassle, you can buy all the parts needed for a SSSD RAMDISK kit for \$72 or \$105 for a DSSD RAMDISK from Bud Mills Services. His parts list and prices are included with the kit. For those who don't want to take the time or effort to build the kit, assembled versions are available at higher prices.

If you are careful there should be no problems assembling the kit but if you do run into some problem, there are phone numbers in the manual to put you in touch with Horizons. The construction quide is step-by-step and quite clear. There are some things that require extra attention. You should pay attention to the physical location of the two LEDs shown in figure 3 of the construction guide, making sure that they don't protrude beyond the edge of the board. Also pay close attention to the direction and type of all diodes. Note that the tantalum capacitors (C2,3,4) are not cylindrical type but solid slug "drop" type. The hole spacing is too close together to easily use Sprague 1500 cylindrical type so get the type shown in the figures. On the i.c. sockets, be sure to get ones with a solder barrier on the pins to prevent solder from flowing into the socket which would block the i.c.s from being inserted.

The SSSD version has about 659 solder connections, all on the circuit board. To get a DSSD version you have to "piggy-back" if of the RAM chips and lightly solder all corresponding pins, except pin 20, which is the chip select line, together. there are about 300 pins to be soldered together in pairs. Be careful and follow the wiring table for the chip select lines carefully as the pins aren't wired in numerical order.

l don't recommend deviating from the instruction with the following exceptions: 1 used 5564PL-15 rams instead of the 6264LP-15 rams specified in the parts because of lower stand-by current drain of the 5564's. Because they draw 100 times less power than the 6264's I could use a 3.6 volt "AA" lithium battery and blocking diode for back-up. This combination should keep the memory energized for about 0.5 years. Using the lithium battery is only practical with the 5564 rams so I don't reccommend this change unless you can find these rather uncommon chips and expensive lithium battery at a reasonable price.

If you use the RAMs and the 3 batteries specified in the instructions for maintaining the memory during the time the computer is off, there is a design problem. Those who follow the needlessly complicated instructions for selection of the charging resistor will find there is a good chance that they will lose anything stored in the memory at the most inopportune moment. The problem is that the charging current is too low to charge the "AAA" nickel-cadmum batteries specified. If you're familiar with charging nicads, you know that the proper charging current is between .05 and .1 times the ampere-hour rating of the cells. "AAA" micads are rated 180 MAH (milliamp-hour) or .18 AH. The recommended charging current would be .009 to .018 ampere. Following the instructions you will get a charging current of .0016 to .0026 which is much too low. To correct this problem you can simply replace R9 with a wire and change R3 to 68 ohas. This will give a charging current of about .012 amperes, right in the middle of the acceptable range. At this charging rate the batteries can be left on charge forever with no ill effects. If this simple change is made the card will work perfectly.

Those who want to find more information on charging nicads can refer to nicad battery data books published by G.E. or several other battery companies or check back issues of some of the "ham" magazines like 73 or CQ.

After the RAMDISK is assembled it should be defluxed. Don't let the deflux fluid drain off the edge connector side of the board as it can leave a film that could give you contact problems. Hold the edge connector up while defluxing and wipe it carefully with a lint free paper towel before it dries to make sure. The assembly time for the RAMDISK kit will be between 2 hours and infinity depending on your abilities.

After you have finished assembling your RAMDISK kit and double checked all solder connections comes the test of fire! (Probably the wrong expression to use in this case.) I plugged my RAMDISK in and the system locked up when I tried to do a disk access to load the ROS. After some 2 hours I located the problem. The RAMDISK would not run with my CorComp RS-232 card plugged in but would work perfectly otherwise. It turned out to be my particular RS-232 card and it will work with all others. I got around this problem by swapping RS-232 cards with another system that doesn't have a RAMDISK.

At this point 1 should print the following statement from Horizons: "..make clear the point that you DID NOT follow the construction guide and are NOT evaluating the operation of a typical Horizon Randisk." Well this is true but I feel that my card works better for several reasons that I have mentioned above. The point is that if you deviate from the instructions, you have to know what you are doing or you stand a good chance of ending up with a non-functional board.

In operation the Horizon RAMDISK is simplicity itself!

There are about 8 easy to remember CALL commands. CALL DN(1), for instance, makes the RAMDISK DSK1. These commands can be used either in the immediate mode or can be used in a BASIC or XBASIC program.

As far as compatability with existing programs, any program that uses a non-standard disk access routine or where disk access timing is critical (like some assembly language programs) may not work. The reason of this is the RAMDISK "disk access" time is 20 times faster than a mechanical disk drive. The following is a list of programs that I have tried to determine whether they will work or not.

COMPATABLE: -QUICK-COPYer II -Disk Manager II -DM1000 -JOY PAINT '99 -FUNLWRITER -GRAPHX -probably all basic or xbasic programs NOT COMPATABLE:

-BA-WRITER's "SD" function -Advanced Diagnostics -CorComp's PDM cartridge -possibly any assm. lang. program using its own DSR -TI-ARTIST

Using Danny Michael's screen dump with the interrupt switch can cause the computer to lock-up occasionally. If you have the RAMDISK in your system there is a possibility that trying to use the interupt switch will clobber the ROS in the RAMDISK. Fortunately the instructions give you step-by-step directions on how to recover from this sort of problem.

One application that I like (as librarian for the New Hampshire User Group) is that you can greatly decrease the time needed for making multiple copies of a disk. Copy the original to the RAMDISK and use that as the master. The master will be read at about 100 sectors per second, not enough time for the copy drive to turn off in between write operations. Another application that has more universial appeal is I have made a disk of all the programs I use often and I load this into the RAMDISK. Now anytime I turn the system on I have all these programs available from a loader program I included on the disk.

Conclusion

I Nould highly recommend the Horizons RAMDISK kit to anyone who has some kit experience and the simple tools needed to assemble it. It behaves exactly like a normal disk drive in nearly all respects, making it amazingly easy to use. I would rate it "A+" in documentation, quality, value, and ease of use. For performance I would give it a "C" because of the problem with the charging circuit but if this is corrected as I have described above. I would give it an "A+" on performance as well. The more you use the Horizons RAMDISK, the more you appreciate it.

YOU'RE KIDDING, RIGHT?

Home Computing Journal A Review by Ellen Rule NH 997 ers

The long-awaited Home Computing Journal (herein-after referred to as HCJ) and the accompanying On Disk have finally arrived. Frankly, I'm not impressed. In their classic style, the guys in Eugene, Oregon have left the users waiting and wanting.

The first noticeable change is in the format of the publication. Instead of the familiar magazine-style cover and multi-colored pages of Home Computer Magazine (the lately deceased forunner of this Journal), HCJ presents a monochromatic, "laser-printed" newsletter-style format with a grand total of 32 pages. This is perhaps related to the move by Gary Kaplan from the Editor's chair to Editorial Consultant. Does this change in figureheads mean things will be different for HCJ subscribers? I doubt it; let me tell you why.

First. I don't consider 32 pages a sizeable publication, especially for a quarterly rag covering five different brands of home and personal computers. Magazines such as Compute! and Family Computing manage to address as many units with more pages on a monthly basis. Why not HCJ? And don't argue content; three programs with versions for each system, plus one program for each individual computer, just does not measure up. While the afore-mentioned competition may not contain more actual programs, the articles on telecommunications, language tutorials, reviews and the like (as well as the "controversial" advertisements) are noticeably lacking in HCJ when the comparison is made.

And where are the program listings? I suppose that with the companion disk, the publishers felt it unnecessary to include them. As a multi-system user, I feel like I've been screwed! Having chosen the On Disk for one of my systems. I had planned on keying in any interesting-looking listings on the other. Guess not. It doesn't appear that there is a provision for this situation, either, short of buying another copy of the same issue with the desired On Disk. At \$25.00 an issue, this is no small potatoes!

As a former 99'er Magazine reader (the forunner to the forunner of HCJ), who watched my one-year subscription to the sporadically-produced Home Computer Magazine extend into two. I'm finally fed up' If I'd received this issue of HCJ as the premiere issue from a fledgeling publishing company. I would praise their laser printing, their well-designed layout, the innovative inclusion of the companion disk, and their reasonable selection of a quarterly publishing schedule. (I would still balk at the price tag') But from a publisher who's been "in the business" since early in the decade, producing magazines of size and content far greater than this over-priced newsletter, I expect more'

CHARACTER LOADER

Curtis Alan Provance New Hampshire 99er's User Group

Sometimes, I have wanted to reload the standard character patterns after a game has finished, or a title screen has been displayed, etc. The E/A manual gives the two GPLLNK links necessary, but I found they're more trouble than they're worth. For example, if the machine code you are writing is to be run from XBASIC, you must also write your own GPLLNK code. Similarly in E/A option 5; the GPLLNK code doesn't get loaded when you rn a memory image file. I wrote this shorty to load the patterns from console GROM:

SETGRM

	LI	RO, >06B4
		RO, 2>9C02
	SWPB	RO
	MOVB	R0, 2>9002
SETVDP		
	LI	R0,>0049
	MOVB	R0, 2>8002
	SWPB	RO
	MOVB	RO, 2>BC02
SETREG		
	LI	R1,95
LOOP1		
	MOVB	R1, 0>8000
	LI	R0,7
LOOP2		
	MOVB	a>9800,a>8000
	DEC	RO
	JNE	LOOP2
	DEC	R1
		LOOP1

SETGRM loads the GROM address of the patterns into the GROM WRITE ADDRESS location. SETVDP loads the VDP address of the patterns into the VDP WRITE ADDRESS location.

The VDP address depends on how you have set VDP register #4. The E/A default for this register is >01. Multiplied by >0800, this means that character #0's pattern starts at >0800. The patterns for characters 0->31 take up >0100 bytes. Therefore, we will load the 'space' character at >0900. Because we will be writing to the VDP, we must also set bit #2 of the VDP address. The reason I loaded RO with >0049 is because you have to load the lower byte first. If we were to reload the characters in the XBASIC environment, we would have loaded RO with >0044. This is because the pattern table starts at >0000, but there is a >60 offset. This means that if you want to display the letter 'A' ()41) you must really display >41+>60=>A1. The offset of >60 corresponds to >60\$8=>300 bytes. Remember why we need the extra >100? Right, characters 0->31.

We want to load 95 characters, ASCII 32 to 126. Note that we are not loading the cursor (30), edge character (31), or DEL (127). You should also know that the patterns stored in GROM do not contain the first byte, which is always >00. However, by loading R1 with 95 (>005F), we ensure that R1's most significant byte is >00. Let's start loading.

First load a >00 into the pattern (LODP1). Next we will load seven bytes from GRDM, so set up a counter (R0). When those seven bytes are loaded, count down one pattern. Do this 95 times and you're done!

PLEASE READ THIS!

Curtis Alan Provanc### N#w Hampshir# 99#r's Us#r Group

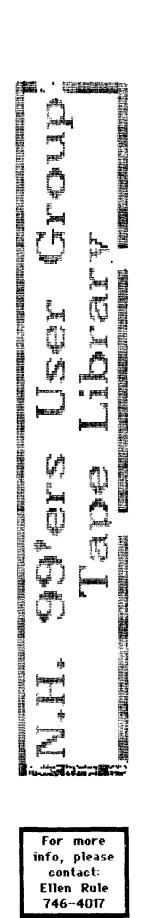
I hav# had my comput#r almost four y#ars now, and it works v#ry w#ll #xc#pt for on# k#y. I suppos# I shouldn't complain; th#r# ar# 47 oth#r k#ys I may us#. B#sid#s, what diff#r#nc# can on# k#y mak#?

Aft#r giving it som# thought, I r#uliz#d that th# k#yboard on my trusty TI is similar to our club. Th#r# ar# num#rous m#mb#rs in th# club; som# ar# mor# 'visibl#' than oth#rs. Som# m#mb#rs participat# to a gr#at #xt#nt; som# won't participat# (or can't) much at all. I c#rtainly und#rstand thos# indiviuals who, du# to oth#r commitm#nts, can't participat# mor# fully. 1 also und#rstand thos# indiviuals who do not participat# b#caus# th#y f##1 th#y can't mak# a diff#r#nc#. L#t m# assur# you! Your participation do#s mak# a diff#r#nc#! You could b# th# on# 'k#y' who would r#ally mak# this club #xc#ll. P#rhaps you could r#v1#w a pi#c# of hardwar# or softwar# at a m##ting" W# can always us# an articl# - if it's important to you, it's important to at l#ast half our r#ad#rs! How about donating a modul# or book to th# club so #v#ryon# can us# it? Th# possibiliti#s ar# not #odl#ss, but th#y c#rtainly ar# many and div#rs#.

If th#r# is a moral to this story, l#t it b# that all m#mb#rs ar# 'k#y' m#mb#rs.



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II Extended BASIC Gar Bridge Guard Shooting Gal Krazy Koala	∣ Meot⊐r lery Hotdog
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Oscar Software Library	BASIC		
Amulet	Alphabet House		
Balloon Darts	Financial Quiz		
Caterpillar Climb	First Aid Quiz		
Code Master	Health Assessment		
Four in a Row	Internal Rate of Return		
Match Up	The Law & You		
Math Challenge	Loan Amertization		
Pachisi	Miles per Gallon		
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Spelling Tuter	Multiplication Drill		
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Teach Yourself BASIC	Extended BASIC Tutor		
Ch.1 Learning BASIC	1. Commands &		
Ch.2 More Numbers	Editing		
Ch.3 Controlling the	2. New Functions &		
Computer	Subprograms		
Ch.4 Programming	3. Input/Output		
Ch.5 More Programming	4. Writing Subpro-		
Ch.6 Functions	grams		
Ch.7 Strings	5. Sprites Part 1		
Ch.8 More Programming	6. Sprites Part 2		
Ch.9 Data Handling	7. Exception Hand-		
Ch.10 Call Statements	ling		
Potpourri 01			
Snoopy's Christma	5		
Musical Scale			
Biorhythm Compat.			
Strauss			
Clock Check balance			
Potpourri 02 Char. Definition			
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2			
Up Scope Potpourri 03			
Snoopy Christmas	Schmoo		
	President		
Music Strauss	Yahtzee		
Clock	Pace		
Check Balance	Obstacle		
Cars	Hargman		
Carcas			
Potpourri4 NHUG CB04			
Electronic	Typing for		
Secretary	Accuracy		
Personal Loan	Bargraph Maker		
Calculator	Health Quiz		
Building Costs			
Estimator			
Potpourri 5	Petpourri 6		
6uess a Number	Містојамз Х-В		
Guess a Letter	Taco Man		
Working w/ Money	Quintis		
Loader	Camelot		
Time	Astromania		

TIPS FROM THE TIGERCUB

#32

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Tigercub Full Disk Collections, just \$12 postpaid! Each of these contains either 5 or 6 of av regular \$3 catalog programs, and the remaining disk space has been filled with some of the best public domain programs of the same category. I am NOT selling public domain programs - my own programs on these disks are greatly discounted from their usual price, and the public domain is a FREE bonus! TIGERCUB'S BEST PROSRAMMINS TUTOR PROGRAMMER'S UTILITIES BRAIN GAMES BRAIN TEASERS BRAIN BUSTERS! MANEUVERING GAMES ACTION GAMES REFLEX AND CONCENTRATION THD-PLAYER GAMES KID'S GAMES MORE GAMES WORD GAMES ELEMENTARY MATH MIDDLE/HIGH SCHOOL MATH VDCABULARY AND READING MUSICAL EDUCATION KALEIDOSCOPES AND DISPLAYS For descriptions of these a dollar for send **B**V cataloo! I've found a bug in the Menuloader V.#5 Tigercub which won't let you print a

which won't let you print a disk catalog if the disk contains the maximum 127 files. This should fix it. 345 I=I+1 :: IF I>127 THEN K =X :: GOTO 435 525 DISPLAY AT(X+5,12)SIZE(1 2):" #?" :: ACCEPT AT(X+5,15)SIZE(3)VALIDATE(DIGIT):KD : : IF KD<1 OR KD>NN THEN 525

I think that all program listings should be printed in 28-column format, exactly as they appear on the screen - it makes it so much easier to key them in without errors. I combined parts of two of my programs to make the following. It is written for the Semini 15% but the lines of printer control codes are annotated to help others make adjustments. 144 DIN K\$(244):: LN=144 :: DISPLAY AT(3,4) ERASE ALL: "TI GERCUB PROGLISTER": : Will convert a program":"listing to 28-column format." 115 DISPLAY AT(7,1): "exactly as it appears on the":"scre en, and print it in 4":"colu ans." 128 DISPLAY AT(11.1):" Progr an oust be RESequenced":"and LISTed to disk by":"RES (en ter)":"LIST DSK1.(filename) (Enter)* 13# DISPLAY AT(18,1);*Filena me? DSK" :: ACCEPT AT(18,14) BEEP:F\$ 141 OPEN #1: "DSK"&F\$, DISPLAY ,VARIABLE 81, INPUT 158 IF EOF(1)=1 THEN 268 11 LINPUT #1:AS 16# IF LEN(AS) (B# THEN LN=LN +11 :: 60TD 210 175 LINPUT #1:8\$ 11 IF POS(8 \$.STR\$(LN).1)=1 THEN FLAG=1 1: LN=LN+1# 1: 60TD 21# 185 A\$=A\$&B\$:: IF LEN(A\$)<1 68 THEN LN=LN+18 :: 50TO 218 198 LINPUT #1:84 :: IF POS(B \$,STR\$(LN),1)=1 THEN FLAG=1 :: LN=LN+11 :: 60T0 210 255 A\$=A\$&B\$:: LN=LN+15 211 S=1 22\$ L\$=SE6\$(A\$, 5, 28) 238 IF L\$<>** THEN 248 :: IF FLAG=1 THEN FLAG=# 11 A#=8\$ 11 50TO 168 11 ELSE 50TO 15 248 X=X+1 :: K\$(X)=L\$:: S=S +28 11 IF X=248 THEN 258 11 50T0 221 258 X=8 :: CALL PRINTER(K\$()):: 50TO 226 268 CLOSE #1 11 FOR J=X+1 TD 248 11 K\$(J)=** 11 NEXT J 1 1 CALL PRINTER(K\$())11 PRINT #2:CHR\$(12):: END 271 SUB PRINTER(8\$())11 IF F =1 THEN 348 :: F=1 285 OPEN #2: "PID.LF", VARIABL E 132 11 PRINT #2:CHR\$(15):C

E 132 1: PRINT #2:CHR\$(15);C HR\$(27);"N";CHR\$(6);!condens ed print and perforation ski P 295 PRINT #2:CHR\$(27);"6";! - double-struck printing, op tional 365 PRINT #2:CHR\$(27):CHR\$(4 2);CHR\$(#);!download normal characters - required if lin es 318-338 are used 318 PRINT #2:CHR\$(27);CHR\$(4 2);CHR\$(1);CHR\$(48);CHR\$(1); CHR\$ (64) ; CHR\$ (31) ; CHR\$ (96) ; C HR\$(17); CHR\$(72); CHR\$(5); CHR \$(66);CHR\$(61);CHR\$(\$);!slas h the zero - optional 325 PRINT #2:CHR\$(27);CHR\$(4 2); CHR\$(1); CHR\$(42); CHR\$(1); CHR\$ (8) ; CHR\$ (34) ; CHR\$ (8) ; CHR \$ (1) ; CHR\$ (62) ; CHR\$ (1) ; CHR\$ (8);CHR\$(34);CHR\$(8);!broaden the asterisk - optional 335 PRINT #2:CHR\$(27):CHR\$(3 6):EHR\$(1):!activate redefin ed characters - required if lines 318-326 are used 348 FOR C=1 TO 68 11 IF B\$(C) *** THEN 368 1: PRINT #2:TA B(18):B\$(C):TAB(41):B\$(C+68) ; TAB(72); B\$(C+128); TAB(183); B\$(C+1B\$);CHR\$(1\$) 358 NEXT C 365 SUBEND

I had trouble in debugging that program because printing the control codes gave me unwanted line feeds, and using semicolons to prevent line feeds will interfere with tabs in the first line of text. An article by Art Bvers in the Central Westchester US newsletter gave me the solution - suppress all the line feeds by opening the printer with PIO.LF. and put them back in where you need them with CHR\$(1\$)! We haven't had a random

music player in a long time. This onm is called ECHO but I don't know where it came from. 185 RANDOMIZE :: DEF X=INT(R ND\$7):: FOR B=5 TO 6 :: A(B) =VAL(SE6\$(*24726229433334939 2445*,(B+1)=3-2,3)):: NEXT B :: B,C,D=X 115 CALL SOUND(-955,A(B),5,A

113 CALL SOUND(-998,A(B),8,A (C),9,A(D),19):: D=C :: C=B :: B=X :: GOTD 118 Sound effects - thanks to Greg Healy in the Edmonton User Group newsletter -195 CALL INIT 115 FOR J=2885 TO 2385 STEP 15 :: CALL LOAD(-31568,J):: NEXT J

To go directly from XBasic to console Basic - thanks to Greg Healy in the Edmonton User Group newsletter -CALL INIT :: CALL LOAD(-3196 2,8787) Enter. Ignore the error message. Type NEW and Enter. > TI BASIC READY

This routine will read a file of 28-character records and scroll thee up the lower half of the screen without disturbing the upper half. 199 DISPLAY AT(12,1)ERASE AL L: "FILENAME? DSK" I: ACCEPT AT(12,14) BEEP:F\$ II CALL CLE AR 111 OPEN #1; DSK %F\$, INPUT 112 DIN N\$(485) 113 X=X+1 rr LINPUT #1:H\$(X) 12# DISPLAY AT (24, 1) : M\$ (X) 125 R=24 13# FOR T=X-1 TO 1 STEP -1 : I IF R>13 THEN R=R-1 II DISP LAY AT (R. 1) ; H\$(T) 148 NEXT T II IF EOF(1)(>1 T HEN 113 ELSE CLOBE #1

19 !ONE-LINE MORTGAGE PAYMEN T CALCULATOR BY SAM MORABITO 198 CALL CLEAR 11 INPUT "ENT ER P,R,N WHERE PEAMOUNT, RER ATE, NEYEARS":P,R,N 11 PRINT "\$";INT((Per/1288)/(1-1/(1+ R/1288)^(N#12))#188+.5)/188; "PER MONTH"

A number always prints out with a blank space before and after it (except that a negative number is preceded by -). This is not always desirable when formatting a screen or printout. The solution is to change the number to a string by using STR\$ -155 CALL CLEAR 119 PRINT * MULTIPLICATION

119 PRINT " MULTIPLICATIO TABLES": : 128 FOR J=1 TO 9 138 FOR K=1 TO 9 148 PRINT TAB(K#J-2);8TR\$(J= K); 138 MEXT K 168 PRINT : : 178 MEXT J

Regarding the CHECKER prograe in Tips #31, I should have mentioned that the two programs to be compared must first be LISTed to one disk by -LIST "DSK1.(filename) - using a different filename for each.

We are still finding new ways to skin the kitty. In Tips #26 I listed three algorithes to alternate between the two joysticks. Rick Humburg sent me another which is the sieplest and fastest of all -195 Z=2 115 Z=3-Z II CALL JOYST(Z,X, Y).....and back to 115!

Here are some more dark secrets Texas Instruments didn't tell us. The User's Reference Suide claims that the computer can produce frequencies up to 44733 Hz, "well above human hearing limits", but then admits "the actual frequency produced eay vary from # to 1# percent depending on the frequency." According to Jia Hindley, the highest frequency actually produced is 37287 (which is certainly not above the hearing range of some hueans, but neither is 44733!), and the maximum error rate far exceeds 15 % because any frequency you call for from 31953 to 43733 ends up as exactly 37287! Not to worry, the frequencies in the normal range of susic are accurate enough and your TV speaker probably can't reproduce frequencies above 29898 anyway.

And did you know that TI really gave us only 15 vol-

```
umes, not 39? Listen and
count thee -
156 FOR V=8 TO 29 8TEP 2
118 CALL 80UND (1888,388,V)
128 CALL SOUND (1888,588,V+1
1)
138 FOR D=1 TO 588
148 NEXT D
158 NEXT V
```

And the duration values as inaccurate. are just Experigenting with a series of 8 CALL SOUNDs in a loop repeated 199 times, I found that execution time was 48 seconds for any duration between 1 and 49, or a negative duration 54 seconds for any duration between 55 and 66: - 67 seconds between 67 and 831 88 seconds between 84 and 99: 94 between 199-116: 196 between 117-133....!

I quess I've been neglecting those who don't have the Extended Basic module, so -1## CALL SCREEN(16) 111 CALL CLEAR 128 PRINT TAB(8); "GREENSLEEV #programmed by Jim Peterso n* 138 DIM 8(15) 149 FOR N=1 TO 12 151 READ S(N) 168 NEXT N 17# M#=*4218##995ABDC324E7DB A518669918248\$425A\$\$DBC35A66 A5243C7E81994288A57E66BD3CA5 423C187E423CBD5A811199FFC3* **188 RANDDHIZE** 19\$ FOR R=1 TD 12 200 CALL COLOR (R+1, 1, 1) 218 CALL CHAR(32+R+B, CH\$&CH\$ 1 228 FOR T=R TO 25-R 238 CALL HCHAR(T,R,32+R#8,34 ~2#R) 245 NEXT T 258 NEXT R 268 CALL SCREEN(2) 27\$ FOR R=1 TO 12 288 CALL COLOR(R+1,R+2,1) 298 CH\$=8E6\$(M\$, INT(47#RND+1)#2~1.8) 300 CALL CHAR(32+R#8, CH\$&CH\$)

310 NEXT R

328 DATA 247,277,294,311,338 , 371, 392, 448, 494, 523, 554, 587 33# DATA 2,5,5,4,7,5,2,8,5,3 ,9,5,1,1\$,1,2,9,3,4,8,3,2,6, 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 5, 3 341 DATA 2.6.1.4.7.5.3.5.2.1 ,4,2,2,5,2,4,6,1,2,4,4,4,1,1 35# DATA 2,5,1,4,7,5,2,8,5,3 ,9,5,1,1#,5,2,9,5 360 DATA 4,8,3,2,6,3,3,3,3,1 ,5,3,2,6,3,3,7,5,1,6,2,2,5,1 37# DATA 3,4,1,1,2,2,2,4,1,4 ,5,1,2,1,5,6,5,1 381 DATA 2, 12, 9, 2, 12, 7, 2, 12, 3, 3, 12, 12, 1, 11, 9, 2, 9, 7 398 DATA 4.8.6.2.6.3.3.3.3.1 ,5,5,2,6,3,4,7,5,2,5,3 4## DATA 3,5,5,1,4,4,2,5,5,4 ,6,1,2,4,1,6,1,1 41# DATA 6,12,9,3,9,12,1,11, 8,2,9,7,4,8,6,2,6,3,3,3,3 42# DATA 1,5,3,2,6,2,3,7,5,1 ,6,6,2,5,5,3,4,1,1,2,2,2,4,4 .4.3.1.1.1.5.7.5.1 43# FOR J=1 TO 223 STEP 3 44# READ T, A, B 45# GOSUB 53# 465 FOR TT=1 TO T 471 CALL BOUND (-999, 8(A), 1,8 (B), 7)488 NEXT TT 498 NEXT J 491 FOR V=# TO 2# 492 CALL 80UND(-999,8(A),V.8 (B) V+7) 493 NEXT V 5#1 CALL BCREEN(INT(14#RND+2 - 11 518 RESTORE 338 52# 60TO 27# 53# CALL COLOR(A+1, INT(14#RN D+2),1) 548 CALL COLOR (B+1, INT (14=RN D+2).1) 55\$ RETURN 1 !from 9 T 9 U5 newsl. Aug 85 1## PRINT """Hello"" said TI 118 PRINT "Press ""ENTER"" t o continue* If you bite the hand that feeds you, you'll go hungry tomorrow. Don't be a pirate!

Jis Peterson

MEMORY FULL TO BUBTIN'

Step-by-Step Procedure for replacing the GROM Extension Assembly Unit

ALLAN D. GARDNER New Hampshire 99'ers User Group

If cleaning the contacts on the cartridges does not cure your TI lockup problem, try replacing the GROM Extension Assembly Unit which is part #1049693-1 (\$5.84 each + \$3.00 S/H) available from: TI Dealer Parts

POB 53 Lubbock, TX 79408

This is how I disassembled my console (circa 1981):

 Remove the on/off slide knob by pulling straight out.

2. Turn the console over to remove the bottom cover which is held by seven phillips screws.

3. Now comes the "fun" part... first, remember that a computer's worst enemy is static electricity. Try to keep one hand touching the large metal shield at all times, this will prevent static buildup between you and the computer's boards. Remove three small phillips screws (NOT the three larger ones) from the main board, the large shielded board towards the back. This is the board with the side expansion port, joystick port, audio/video output port and cassette port. Move the power jack (has red, white, and black wires connected to it) out of the way of the main board. Carefully lift the main board out and unplug the keyboard (ribbon cable). Turn main board over ... the GROM Port Extension will be on top (it may have been pulled off when removing main board). Simply unplug the GPE unit and plug in the new one!

As Ellen Rule stated about cartdriges in the April '86 Newsletter, check the metal connector foils on the new unit to make sure they are clean. An ordinary clean pencil eraser works fine, also, if you have any tuner cleaner or contact cleaner around, it wouldn't hurt to spray a little on the contacts before installation.

Now is a good time to clean out any dust (or cat hairs!?!) that may have built-up inside the console and to check for loose connections.

Re-Assembly

Plug keyboard back into main board. <u>Carefully</u> place the main board into the console cabinet (be

sure that the brown power supply wires are out of the way) and secure with the three small phillips screws. Put the power jack back in place at the rear of the console. Secure the bottom cover in place with the seven phillips screws. Snap the on/off switch in place and check operation. If switch does not operate correctly, pull the switch off, remove the bottom cover again and make sure the switch on the power supply board is seated in the plastic extension piece.

That wasn't very hard, was it? This also shows how well the TI is built compared to other computers that are priced much higher.

I have repaired a few consoles and most of the problems were minor, cold solder joints, loose connections, etc. One console was tough... it would lock up randomly. Sometimes when first turned on, other times it would run for 15-20 minutes before hanging up. The screen would go blank and a random noise would be generated. It turned out to be a bad connection in one of the internal GROM I.C. sockets, a jumper had to be soldered right to the I.C. pin.

If anyone has a problem with the electronics of the TI that you can't solve, feel free to write me: Allan D. Bardner - PDB 454 - Mapleville, RI 02839 (401/568-6831).

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