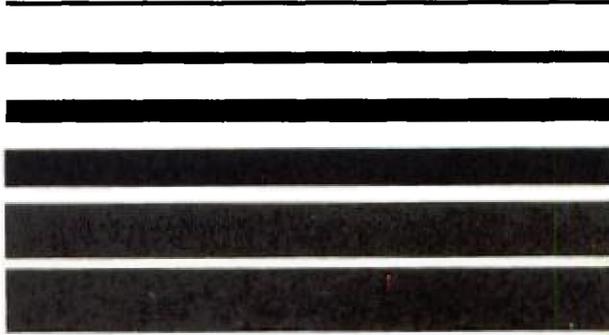




TXDS Reference Data



Microprocessor
Series™

List of Commands and Special Keys/Characters

COMMAND SYNTAX

DESCRIPTION

SETUP COMMANDS

SL Start Line Numbers (SL) command causes line numbers to be printed with each line of text

SN Stop Line Numbers (SN) command causes line numbers not to be printed

SP Set Print Margin (SP) command sets the right boundary for print display

SM Set Margin (SM) for Find command sets the left and right boundaries for the Find command

ST Set Tabs (ST) command sets up to five tab stops

PRINTER-MOVEMENT COMMANDS

D Down (D) command moves the pointer down toward the bottom of the buffer

U Up (U) command moves the pointer up towards the first line in the buffer

T Top (T) command moves the pointer to the first line in the buffer

B Bottom (B) command moves the pointer to the last line in the buffer

EDIT COMMANDS

C Change (C) command removes lines from the buffer and inserts new ones in their place. The new lines are input from the terminal

I Insert (I) command takes input from the terminal and places the new lines into the buffer

M Move (M) command moves lines, from one place in the buffer to another

R Remove (R) command deletes lines from the buffer

F Find string (F) command searches for the first occurrence of a character string in a line and replaces it with another string of characters

PRINT COMMANDS

L Limits (L) command causes the first line and the last line to be displayed

P Print (P) command displays lines of text

OUTPUT COMMANDS

K Keep (K) command takes lines of text out of the buffer and puts them in the output file

O Out (O) command takes lines of text out of the buffer or the input lines and puts them in the output file

E An (E) command terminates without writing an EOF to the output file

TERMINATE-SEQUENCE COMMANDS

T or C Allows the user to make multiple single directional editing passes on a source or object program

SPECIAL KEYS/CHARACTERS

CTRL-H Pressing the control key and the H key simultaneously on the hard copy terminal causes the terminal to backspace a character to enable rewriting over an entered character-error

RUB OUT The RUB OUT key causes the line just entered to be deleted so that a new line can replace it

CTRL-I Pressing the control (CTRL) key and the I key simultaneously on a hard-copy terminal causes a tab stop to be entered in the input string, although only one space will be echoed on the terminal

ESC/RESET Pressing the ESCape or RESET key on the system console causes a display to be aborted

position keys When using a VDT, only the left position key (←) and the right (→) position key are recognized. The up and down position keys cause garbage to be entered into the input string. The left position key causes characters to be deleted from the character string, a right position key causes whatever was under the cursor to be entered

DELETE LINE DELETE LINE on a VDT acts the same as a RUB OUT on a hardcopy terminal

TAB A SPACE character is echoed. The TAB is interpreted by the text editor and spaces are inserted to fill the text line to the next TAB setting

TXMIRA Options

OPTION

DESCRIPTION

Mnnnnn Overrides memory size default, default is 2400 bytes

X Produce cross-reference

L Produce assembly listing

T Expand TEXT code on listing

S Produce sorted symbol list

C Produce compressed object output where n is a decimal digit

TXLINK Options

OPTION

DESCRIPTION

Mnnnnn Override default memory size, default is 11800 bytes

C Compressed object output

laaaaaaaaa IDT for linked object

P Partial link desired

L Print load map and symbol list

Note: n is a decimal digit and a is an alphanumeric character

TXCCAT Options

OPTION

DESCRIPTION

TRnnnn Truncate record to length nnnn

FLnnnn Fix records to size nnnn by padding with blanks or by truncation

SKnnnn Skip nnnn input records, prior to output

LFnn List file, page length = nn, default = 55

SLnn Space lines on listing, nn = space count, default = 0

Nc Number lines on listing

Rn Do not rewind input on open

RO Do not rewind output on open

Note: n is a decimal digit and the maximum field size is given by the number of n's

TXDEBUG Keyboard Commands

DEBUG Commands

IC Inspect Communications Register Unit (CRU)

IM Inspect Memory

IR Inspect AU Register (WP, PC, ST)

IS Inspect Snapshot

IW Inspect Workspace Registers

MC Modify Communications Register Unit (CRU)

MM Modify Memory

MR Modify Registers

MW Modify Workspace Registers

SB Set Breakpoint

SP Set H/W Write Protect Option

SR Set Trace Region

SS Set Snapshot

ST Set Trace

CB Clear Breakpoint

CP Clear H/W Write Protect Option

CR Clear Trace Region

CS Clear Snapshot

INPUT OPTIONS

string-var Prompt with colon and input character data
Example INPUT \$A
Delimit expressions Example A, B
Suppress prompting or CR LF if at end of line
Examples: INPUT ;A
INPUT A,
exp Allow a maximum of exp characters to be entered
Example INPUT #1"Y or N"\$1
%exp *Must enter exactly exp number of characters
Example. INPUT %4"CODE"C
?<ln> *Upon an invalid input or entry of a control character,
a GOSUB is performed to the line # SYS(0) will be
equal to -1 if there was an invalid input. Otherwise,
SYS(0) will equal the decimal equivalent of the control
character
Example INPUT ?100 A

OUTPUT OPTIONS

Delimit expressions or suppress CR LF if at end of line
Examples: PRINT "A,B
PRINT "A, B
Tab to next print field Example PRINT A, B
Tab to exp column Example PRINT TAB (50),A
string Print string or string-var Example PRINT "HI",\$(A(0))
exp *Print exp as hexadecimal in free format
Example PRINT # 123
#.exp *Print exp as hexadecimal in byte format
Example PRINT # ,50
#.exp *Print exp as hexadecimal in word format
Example PRINT # ,A
<hex value> *Direct output of ASCII codes Example PRINT
"<OD><OA>"
string *Print under specified format where
PRINT # "9999"1
9 = digit holder
PRINT # "000-00-0000"SS
0 = digit holder or force 0
PRINT # "\$\$\$,\$\$\$ 00"DLR
\$ = digit holder and floats \$
PRINT # "SSS 0000"4*ATN1
S = digit holder and floats sign
PRINT # "<<< 00>"1
< = digit holder and float on negative
> = number
PRINT # "990 99E"N
E = sign holder after decimal
PRINT # "990 99"N
. = decimal point specifier
PRINT # "999,990 99"N
, = suppressed if before significant digit
PRINT # "999,990^00"1
^ = translates to decimal point
PRINT # "HI = 99"1
any other character is printed

ERROR CODES

1 - SYNTAX ERROR	37 - ILLEGAL DELIMITER
2 - UNMATCHED PARENTHESIS	38 - UNDEFINED FUNCTION
3 - INVALID LINE NUMBER	39 - UNDIMENSIONED VARIABLE
4 - ILLEGAL VARIABLE NAME	40 - UNDERFINED VARIABLE
5 - TOO MANY VARIABLES	41 = EXPANSION EPROM NOT INSTALLED
6 - ILLEGAL CHARACTER	42 - INTERRUPT W/O TRAP
7 - EXPECTING OPERATOR	43 - INVALID BAUD RATE
8 - ILLEGAL FUNCTION NAME	44 - TAPE READ ERROR
9 - ILLEGAL FUNCTION ARGUMENT	45 = EPROM VERIFY ERROR
10 - STORAGE OVERFLOW	46 - INVALID DEVICE NUMBER
11 - STACK OVERFLOW	
12 - STACK UNDERFLOW	
13 - NO SUCH LINE NUMBER	
14 - EXPECTING STRING VARIABLE	
15 - INVALID SCREEN COMMAND	
16 - EXPECTING DIMENSIONED VARIABLE	
17 - SUBSCRIPT OUT OF RANGE	
18 - TWO FEW SUBSCRIPTS	
19 - TOO MANY SUBSCRIPTS	
20 - EXPECTING SIMPLE VARIABLE	
21 - DIGITS OUT OF RANGE (0 - # of digits -12)	
22 - EXPECTING VARIABLE	
23 - READ OUT OF DATA	
24 - READ TYPE DIFFERS FROM DATA TYPE	
25 - SQUARE ROOT OF NEGATIVE NUMBER	
26 - LOG OF NON-POSITIVE NUMBER	
27 - EXPRESSION TOO COMPLEX	
28 - DIVISION BY ZERO	
29 - FLOATING POINT OVERFLOW	
30 - FIX ERROR	
31 - FOR WITHOUT NEXT	
32 - NEXT WITHOUT FOR	
33 - EXP FUNCTION HAS INVALID ARGUMENT	
34 - UNNORMALIZED NUMBER	
35 - PARAMETER ERROR	
36 - MISSING ASSIGNMENT OPERATOR	